

# 7.1-7.2 Worksheet

Name:

Below are the 4 formulas used for exponential growth and decay:

1.  $y = ab^x$

2.  $A(t) = a(1 \pm r)^t$

3.  $A(t) = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}$

4.  $A(t) = Pe^{rt}$

For the following, use the correct formula from above to write an equation that models the situation. Then answer the question asked.

1. A car that cost \$20,000 depreciates in value 11.4% each year.

- a. Write a formula that models this situation.

$$A(t) = 20,000(1 - 0.114)^t$$

- b. How much value has the car lost after 8 years?

$$A(8) = 20,000(1 - 0.114)^8 = 7594.51$$

$$20,000 - 7594.51$$

The Car lost \$12,405.49 in value

2. Elle invests \$1250 into a savings account that earns 2.1% interest compounded monthly.

- a. Write a formula that models this situation.

$$A(t) = 1250(1 + \frac{0.021}{12})^{12t}$$

- b. How much has Elle earned in interest after 3 years?

$$A(t) = 1250(1 + \frac{0.021}{12})^{12(3)} = 1331.21 \text{ in bank}$$

$$1331.21 - 1250 =$$

Elle earned \$81.21 in interest

3. Dan invests \$800 into a savings account that earns 8.7% interest compounded continuously.

- a. Write a formula that models this situation.

$$A(t) = 800e^{0.087t}$$

- b. How much money does Dan have in the bank after 6 months?

$$A(\frac{1}{2}) = 800e^{0.087 \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = \$835.57$$

4. 10 bacteria cells on leftover food grow at a rate of 100% each hour.

- a. Write a formula that models this situation.

$$A(t) = 10(1 + 1)^t$$

← t = hours

- b. How much bacteria is on the food after 1 days?

$$A(24) = 10(2)^{24}$$

↳ 24 hours

16,777,216 bacteria cells

5. The 12 Asian carp in Lake Michigan grow at a rate of 250% each year.

a. Write a formula that models this situation.

$$A(t) = 12(1 + 2.5)^t$$

b. How many Asian Carp will there be in Lake Michigan after 15 months?

$$A(1.25) = 12(3.5)^{1.25}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{15}{12} = 1.25 \text{ years}$$

$$A(1.25) = 57.44$$

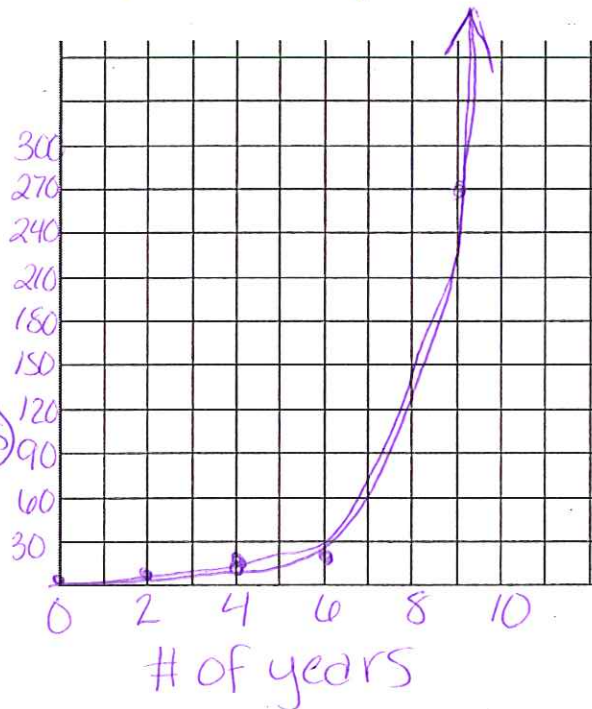
≈ 57 carp

c. Graph the number of Asian Carp in Lake Michigan over the next 10 years. Make a table with at least 6 data points. Label and number your axes. PUT A TITLE ON YOUR GRAPH.

Asian Carp in Lake Michigan

t	A(t)
0	12
2	147
4	1800.8
6	22,059
8	270,225
10	3,310,000

# of Asian Carp (in thousands)



6. You invest \$25,000 into a bank account that earns 1.6% interest.

a. How much will be in your account after 10 years if the interest is compounded annually?

$$25000 \left(1 + \frac{0.016}{1}\right)^{(1 \cdot 10)} = \$29300.64$$

b. How much will be in your account after 10 years if the interest is compounded monthly?

$$25000 \left(1 + \frac{0.016}{12}\right)^{(12 \cdot 10)} = \$29334.65$$

c. How much will be in your account after 10 years if the interest is compounded continuously?

$$25000 e^{0.016(10)} = \$29337.77$$

## 7.1 Reteaching- Graphing Exponential Functions

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

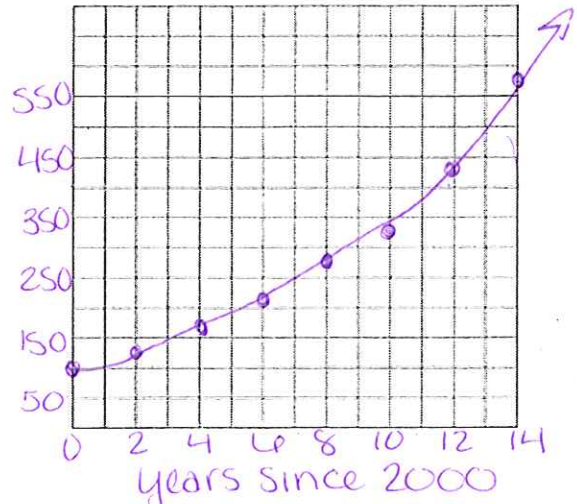
1. An antique vase was worth \$100 in 2000. Its value increased 13% each year. Graph the value of the vase from 2000 until today.

- Make a table
- Label the x and y axis
- Number the x and y axis
- Graph

X	Y
0	100
2	127.69
4	163.05
6	208.20
8	265.84
10	339.46
12	433.45
14	553.48

$$A(t) = 100(1.13)^t$$

Value of vase



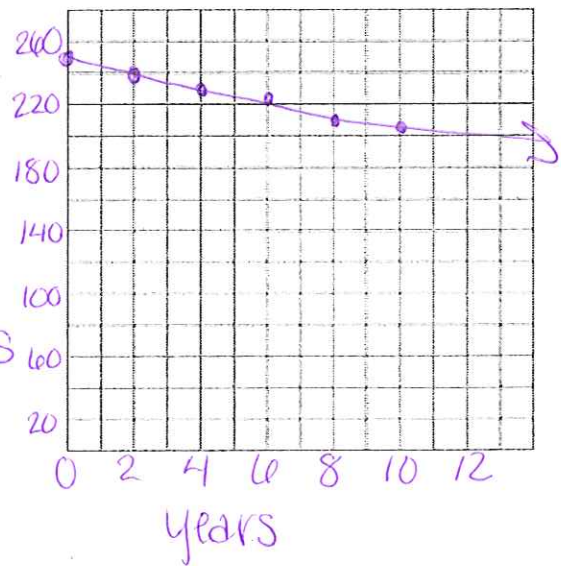
2. You decide to buy a house today for \$250,000. Unfortunately, because of the economy, your house will decrease 2% in value for the next 10 years. Graph the value of your house over the next 10 years.

- Make a table
- Label the x and y axis
- Number the x and y axis
- Graph

t	A(t)
0	250000
2	240100
4	230592
6	221461
8	212691
10	204268

$$250000(1-0.02)^t$$

Value of house in thousands



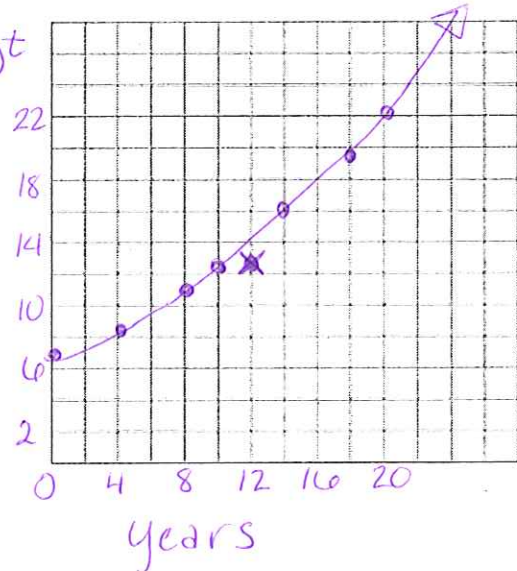
3. College tuition at most community colleges today is \$7000 a year for in state residents. However, college tuition increases each year by 6%. Graph the cost of college tuition over the next 20 years.

- Make a table
- Label the x and y axis
- Number the x and y axis
- Graph

t	A(t)
0	7000
4	8837
8	11157
10	12536
14	15826
18	19980
20	22450

$$7000(1.06)^t$$

College tuition (in thousands)

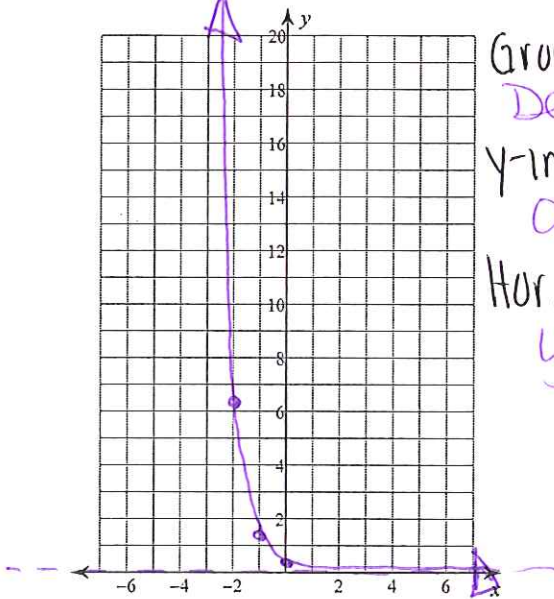


## Graphing Exponential Functions

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

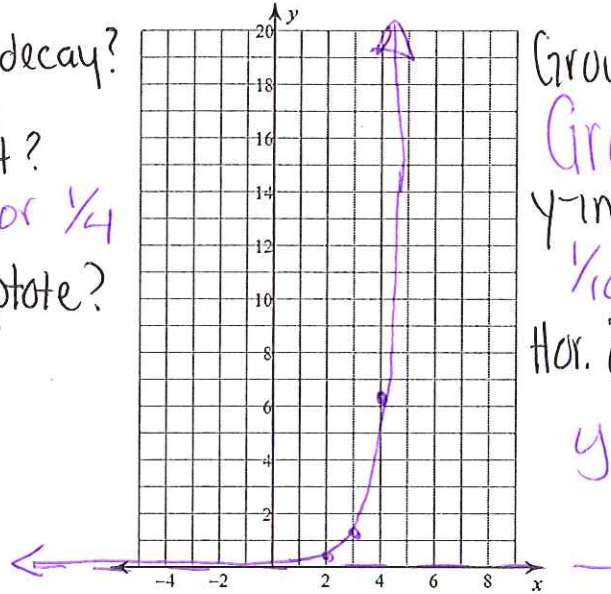
Sketch the graph of each function.

1)  $y = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^x$



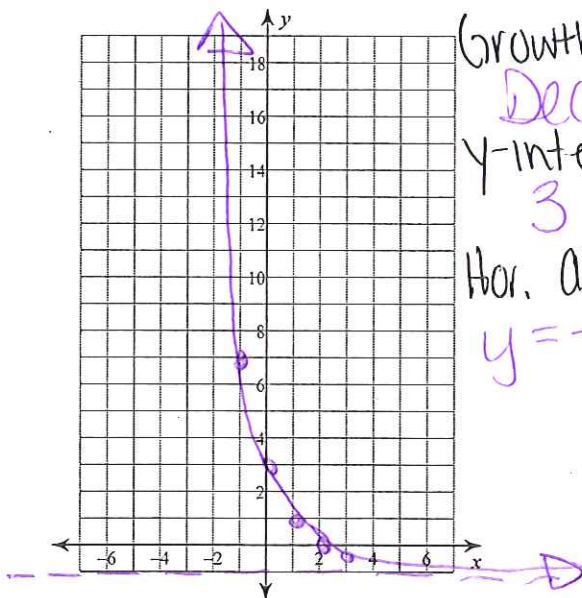
Growth or decay?  
 Decay  
 y-intercept?  
 0.25 or  $\frac{1}{4}$   
 Hor. asymptote?  
 $y=0$

2)  $y = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 5^{x-2}$



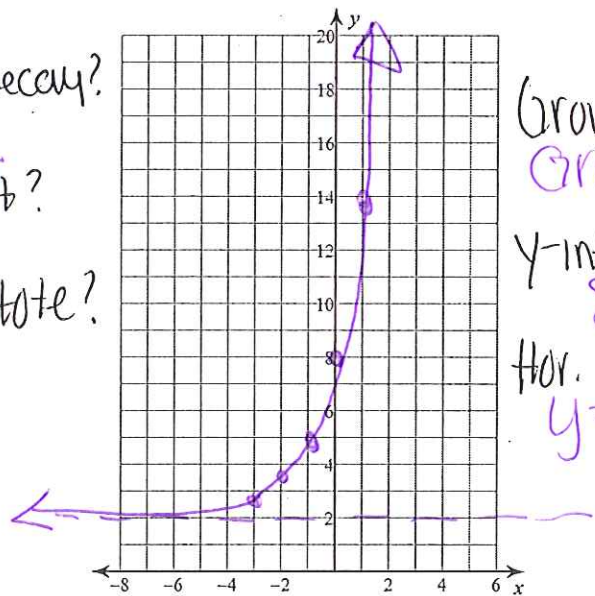
Growth or Decay  
 Growth  
 y-intercept?  
 $\frac{1}{100}$  or .01  
 Hor. asymptote?  
 $y=0$

3)  $y = 4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x - 1$



Growth or Decay?  
 Decay  
 y-intercept?  
 3  
 Hor. asymptote?  
 $y=-1$

4)  $y = 3 \cdot 2^{x+1} + 2$



Growth or Decay  
 Growth  
 y-intercept?  
 8  
 Hor. asymptote?  
 $y=2$